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# JESUS AND THE CHILDREN NO. 1925

# A SERMON DELIVERED ON LORD'S-DAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1886, BY C. H. SPURGEON, AT THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE, NEWINGTON.

"And they brought young children to him, that he should touch them: and his disciples rebuked those that brought them. But when Jesus saw it, he was much displeased, and said to them, Suffer the little children to come unto me, and forbid them not: for of such is the kingdom of God. Verily I say unto you, Whosoever shall not receive the kingdom of God as a little child, he shall not enter therein. And he took them up in his arms, put his hands upon them, and blessed them."

Mark 10:13-16.

IT must be a very great sin indeed to hinder anybody from coming to Christ. He is the only way of salvation from the wrath of God, salvation from the terrible judgment that is due to sin—who would dare to keep the perishing from that way? To alter the signposts on the way to the city of refuge, or to dig a trench across the road, would have been an inhuman act, deserving the sternest condemnation. He who holds back a soul from Jesus is the servant of Satan, and is doing the most diabolical of all the devil's work. We are all agreed about this.

I wonder, my dear friends, whether any of us are quite innocent in this respect? May we not have hindered others from repentance and faith? It is a sad suspicion, but I am afraid that many of us have done so.

Certainly you who have never believed in Jesus yourselves have done sadly much to prevent others believing. *The force of example*, whether for good or bad, is very powerful, and especially is it so with parents upon their children, superiors upon their underlings, and teachers upon their pupils. Peradventure, father, if you had been an earnest Christian, your son would not have been ungodly, possibly, dear mother, if you had been decided for the Savior, the girls would have been Christians too.

We have to speak and judge after the manner of men, but assuredly, example is a great fashioner of character. We can none of us tell if we go down to hell how many we shall draw with us, for we are bound to thousands by invisible bands. Here's the respect which makes a wide calamity out of the ruin of a single soul. Over the tomb of each sinner may be read this epitaph, "This man perished not alone in his iniquity." "None of us liveth to himself, and no man dieth to himself." If we could fling our souls away as solitary stones out of the sling, this were woe enough, but since we are all threaded beads upon the string of common life, where one goes many go with him. The plague of sin will not confine itself to one man's house, it sallies forth from every door and window, and slays its victims all around, so that "one sinner destroyeth much good."

May I put this question to those of you who have never yet repented of your sins, nor sought the Savior's face? Have you calculated what baneful influences are streaming from your lives upon the souls of your children, your wives, your brothers, your friends? Jesus says, "He that is not with me is against me; and he that gathereth not with me scatters abroad." How many have you scattered abroad like wandering sheep? How many have you induced to remain careless and godless, since they see you doing the same? These are solemn reflections for those who mean no harm, and yet are doing it.

Do not some persons go further than their example, and hinder others from coming to Christ by discouraging speeches? They dishearten those who are hoping for better things. Working men are to be found who never see any tenderness towards holy things in a work-mate but what they hasten at once to wound his heart. If they suspect a comrade of endeavoring to escape from drunkenness, they ridicule

him, and if he goes further, and exhibits faith towards God, they make him the football of their contempt. It must entail a fearful responsibility upon a man for him to make himself the opposer of all good in his fellows. Why are so many eager to undertake this responsibility? It is a sorrowful thing that certain men will let others quite alone, and even be friendly with them should they drink, and swear, and commit lewdness, and yet as soon as they have serious thoughts of religion, they attack them bitterly. Half a fault in a Christian is made the theme of the most ungenerous comment, but actual crimes will be excused in an irreligious person.

Why should men wish to prevent their fellow beings from being saved? Friend, if you choose to ruin your own soul, why should you try to ruin others? Why play the dog in the manger? If you will not have religion for yourself, why not let others have it? It can be no gain to you, either in this world or in the world to come, to stand as with a club at the gates of life to drive back all who would enter thereat.

Again, certain would-be wise people hinder souls from coming to Christ by cunningly insinuating doubts about the revelation of the divine word. They have heard from an infidel lecturer, or from some "modern thought" preacher, a dangerous piece of error, and they no sooner find a young mind inclined to serious things than they at once repeat this pretty lie. By their captious questions they stagger young minds. By their evil teaching they dry up the springs of repentance, and paralyze the strength of faith. Fierce as Pharaoh, they would throw all new-born faith into the river of doubt. Cruel as the Prince of Darkness, they would quench every newly-kindled candle of hope. They are more diligent to destroy the faith than others are to spread it.

What an accumulation of guilt must be resting upon the mind of the man who breathes out doubt as other men breathe air! Neither God, nor Christ, nor heaven, nor hell, can escape the foul steam of his infidelity. See how he blasts the souls on whom he breathes! Calculate his crimes. Put down the soulmurders of which he is guilty. Item, a young man decoyed from the Bible class, familiarized with blasphemous notions, and then led into outward sin and speedy death. Write that down in blood.

Note the next item, a young girl, once hopeful and considerate, impressed by the supposed scientific knowledge of an unbeliever, led from the faith of her mother, and by and by snared by the world so as to live and die impenitent. Write that also in blood to be demanded at the doubter's door in the last great day! Woe unto those who act the part of jackals to the lion of hell! May God give repentance to those who have been the bodyguard of the Prince of Darkness, doing his murderous work with both their hands by denying the truth and sowing the seeds of unbelief! If I speak to any such, I do it with sorrowful indignation, and I beg them to turn from their evil way.

In many ways evil-minded persons may lead others to that evil decision which in the ungodly almost occupies the same place as conversion in the case of the regenerate. Minds in their early days are plastic. The first seven years of our being often shape all the rest, at any rate, give to godly teaching the first twelve years of any child, and it will be difficult to erase the writing. Some seem to take a wretched delight in stamping upon the soft clay their own vile impress, and in confirming upon youth the dangerous tendencies already present. These people work conversions unto evil, by which young minds become settled in vice, and established in wickedness.

God save us from hindering a single soul from coming to Christ and heaven. I cannot help trembling sometimes lest a cold and chilly sermon of mine should wither young buds of promise, lest in the prayer meeting a wandering, rambling prayer from a heartless professor should damp the rising earnestness of a tearful seeker.

I tremble for you, my dear brethren and sisters in Christ, lest levity of conversation, worldliness of conduct, inconsistency of behavior, or callousness of demeanor, should in any one of you, at any time, turn the lame out of the way, or give cause of stumbling to one of the Lord's little ones. Lord, save me from being a partaker in other men's sins, and especially in being in any measure the cause of another man's destruction! Oh to be clear of the blood of all men! God forbid that we should be accomplices in the murder of souls, either before the fact, or in the fact, or after the fact, for in each of these ways we may be guilty. God help us, brethren, to avoid this great sin of hindering others in their coming to Christ.

Yet this is not the subject of my discourse this morning, I shall only deal with a single form of it. I am going to speak upon the great sin of hindering the young from coming to Christ. First, *let us describe it*, secondly, *let us watch its action*, thirdly, *let us see how Jesus Christ condemns it*, and then, lastly, *let us take a hint from the doctrine which our Lord incidentally lays down*. It may be that the Lord will bless this to our souls.

## I. LET US DESCRIBE THIS SIN of hindering young children from coming to Christ.

First, I may say of it that it is *very common*, it must be common, or else it would not have been found among the twelve apostles. The immediate disciples of our Lord were a highly honorable band of men, despite their mistakes and shortcomings, they must have been greatly sweetened by living near to one so perfect and so full of love. I gather, therefore, that if these men, who were the cream of the cream, rebuked the mothers who brought their young children to Christ, it must be a pretty common offense in the church of God. I fear that the chilling frost of this mistake is felt almost everywhere.

I am not going to make any ungenerous statement, but I think if a little personal investigation were made many of us might find ourselves guilty upon this point, and might be led to cry, with Pharaoh's butler, "I do remember my faults this day." Have we laid ourselves out for the conversion of children, as much as we have done for the conversion of grown-up folks? What? Do you think me sarcastic? Do you not lay yourselves out for anybody's conversion? What must I say to you? It is dreadful that the Cainite spirit should enter a believer's heart and make him say, "Am I my brother's keeper?"

It is a shocking thing that we should ourselves, eat the fat, and drink the sweet, and leave the famishing multitudes to perish. But tell me now; if you did care for the salvation of souls, would you not think it rather too commonplace a matter to begin with boys and girls? Yes, and your feeling is shared by many. The fault is common.

I believe, however, that this feeling, in the case of the apostles, was caused by zeal for Jesus. These good men thought that the bringing of children to the Savior would cause an interruption, He was engaged in much better work, He had been confounding the Pharisees, instructing the masses, and healing the sick. Could it be right to pester Him with children? The little ones would not understand His teaching, and they did not need His miracles, why should they be brought in to disturb His great doings? Therefore the disciples as good as said, "Take your children back, good women. Teach them the law yourselves, and instruct them in the Psalms and the Prophets, and pray with them.

Every child cannot have Christ's hands laid on it. If we suffer one set of children to come, we shall have all the neighborhood swarming about us, and the Savior's work will be grievously interrupted. Do you not see this? Why do you act so thoughtlessly?" The disciples had such reverence for their Master that they would send the prattlers away, lest the great Rabbi should seem to become a mere teacher of babes. This may have been a zeal for God, but it was not according to knowledge.

Thus in these days certain brethren would hardly like to receive many children into the church, lest it should become a society of boys and girls. Surely, if these come into the church in any great numbers, the church may be spoken of in terms of reproach! The outside world will call it a mere Sunday school.

I remember that when a fallen woman had been converted in one of our county towns, there was an objection among certain professors to her being received into the church, and certain lewd fellows of the baser sort even went the length of advertising upon the walls the fact that the Baptist minister had baptized a harlot. I told my friend to regard it as an honor. Even so, if any reproach us with receiving young children into the church, we will wear the reproach as a badge of honor. Holy children cannot possibly do us any harm. God will send us sufficient of age and experience to steer the church prudently. We will receive none who fail to yield evidence of the new birth, however old they may be, and we will shut out no believers, however young they may be. God forbid that we should condemn our cautious brethren, but at the same time we wish their caution would show itself where it is more required. Jesus will not be dishonored by the children, we have far more cause to fear the adults.

The apostles' rebuke of the children arose in a measure from *ignorance of the children's need*. If any mother in that throng had said, "I must bring my child to the Master, for he is sorely afflicted with a

devil," neither Peter, nor James, nor John would have demurred for a moment, but would have assisted in bringing the possessed child to the Savior. Or suppose another mother had said, "My child has a pining sickness upon it, it is wasted to skin and bone, permit me to bring my darling, that Jesus may lay His hands upon her"—the disciples would all have said, "Make way for this woman and her sorrowful burden." But these little ones with bright eyes, and prattling tongues, and leaping limbs, why should they come to Jesus?

Ah, friends! They forgot that in those children, with all their joy, their health, and their apparent innocence, there was a great and grievous need for the blessing of a Savior's grace. If you indulge in the novel idea that *your* children do not need conversion, that children born of Christian parents are somewhat superior to others, and have good within them which only needs development, one great motive for your devout earnestness will be gone.

Believe me, brethren, your children need the Spirit of God to give them new hearts and right spirits, or else they will go astray as other children do. Remember that however young they are, there is a stone within the youngest breast, and that stone must be taken away, or be the ruin of the child. There is a tendency to evil even where as yet it has not developed into act, and that tendency needs to be overcome by the divine power of the Holy Spirit, causing the child to be born again.

Oh that the church of God would cast off the old Jewish idea which still has such force around us, namely, that natural birth brings with it covenant privileges! Now, even under the old dispensation there were hints that the true seed was not born after the flesh, but after the spirit, as in the case of Ishmael and Isaac, and Esau and Jacob. Will not even the church of God know that "That which is born of the flesh is flesh; and that which is born of the Spirit is spirit"? "Who can bring a clean thing out of an unclean?"

The natural birth communicates nature's filthiness, but it cannot convey grace. Under the new covenant we are expressly told that the sons of God are "born, not of blood, nor of the will of the flesh, nor of the will of man, but of God." Under the old covenant, which was typical, the birth according to the flesh yielded privilege, but to come at all under the covenant of grace you must be born again. The first birth brings you nothing but an inheritance with the first Adam, you must be born again to come under the headship of the second Adam.

But it is written, says one, "that the promise is unto you, and to your children." Dear friends, there never was a grosser piece of knavery committed under heaven than the quotation of that text as it is usually quoted. I have heard it quoted many times to prove a doctrine which is very far removed from that which it clearly teaches. If you take one half of any sentence which a man utters, and leave out the rest, you may make him say the opposite of what he means. What do you think that text really is? See Acts 2:39, "The promise is unto you, and to your children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call."

This grandly wide statement is the argument on which is founded the exhortation, "Repent, and be baptized every one of you." It is not a declaration of privilege special to any one, but a presentation of grace as much to all that are afar off as to them and to their children. There is not a word in the New Testament to show that the benefits of divine grace are in any degree transmitted by natural descent, they come "to as many as the Lord our God shall call," whether their parents are saints or sinners. How can people have the impudence to tear off half a text to make it teach what is not true?

No, brethren, you must sorrowfully look upon your children as born in sin, and shapen in iniquity, "heirs of wrath, even as others," and though you may yourself belong to a line of saints, and trace your pedigree from minister to minister, all eminent in the church of God, yet your children occupy precisely the same position by their birth as other people's children do, so that they must be redeemed from under the curse of the law by the precious blood of Jesus, and they must receive a new nature by the work of the Holy Ghost. They are favored by being placed under godly training, and under the hearing of the Gospel, but their need and their sinfulness are the same as in the rest of the race. If you think of this, you will see the reason why they should be brought to Jesus Christ—a reason why they should be brought as speedily as possible in the arms of your prayer and faith to Him who is able to renew them.

Also, no doubt, this feeling that children may not come to Christ may be derived from *a doubt about their capacity to receive the blessing which Jesus is able to give*. Upon this subject, if I were at this moment to deal with facts alone, and not with mere opinion, I could spend the whole morning in giving details of young children whom I have personally conversed with, some of them very young children indeed. I will say broadly that I have more confidence in the spiritual life of the children that I have received into this church than I have in the spiritual condition of the adults thus received.

I will even go further than that, and say that I have usually found a clearer knowledge of the Gospel and a warmer love to Christ in the child converts than in the man converts. I will even astonish you still more by saying that I have sometimes met with a deeper spiritual experience in children of ten and twelve than I have in certain persons of fifty and sixty. It is an old proverb that some children are born with beards. Some boys are little men, and some girls are little old women. You cannot measure the lives of any of us by our ages.

I knew a boy who, when he was fifteen, often heard old Christian people say, "The boy is sixty years old, he speaks with such insight into divine truth." I believe that this youth at fifteen did know far more of the things of God, and of soul travail, than any around him, whatever their age might be. I cannot tell you why it is, but so I do know it is, that some are old when they are young, and some are very green when they are old, some are wise when you would expect them to be otherwise, and others are very foolish when you might have expected that they had quitted their folly.

Oh, dear friends, talk not of a child's incapacity for repentance! I have known a child weep herself to sleep by the month together under a crushing sense of sin. If you would know a deep, and bitter, and awful fear of the wrath of God, let me tell you what I felt as a boy. If you would know joy in the Lord, many a child has been as full of it as his little heart could hold. If you want to know what faith in Jesus is, you must not look to those who have been be muddled by the heretical jargon of the times, but to the dear children who have taken Jesus at His word, and believed in Him, and loved Him, and therefore know and are sure that they are saved.

Capacity for believing lies more in the child than in the man. We grow less rather than more capable of faith, every year brings the unregenerate mind further away from God, and makes it less capable of receiving the things of God. No ground is more prepared for the good seed than that which as yet has not been trodden down as the highway, nor has been as yet overgrown with thorns. Not yet has the child learned the deceits of pride, the falsehoods of ambition, the delusions of worldliness, the tricks of trade, the sophistries of philosophy, and so far it has an advantage over the adult. In any case the new birth is the work of the Holy Ghost, and He can as easily work upon youth as upon age.

Some, too, have hindered the children because they have been *forgetful of the child's value*. The soul's price does not depend upon its years. "Oh, it is only a child!" "Children are a nuisance." "Children are always getting in the way." This talk is common. God forgive those who despise the little ones. Will you be very angry if I say that a boy is more worth saving than a man? It is infinite mercy on God's part to save those who are seventy, for what good can they now do with the fag end of their lives? When we get to be fifty or sixty, we are almost worn out, and if we have spent all our early days with the devil, what remains for God?

But these dear boys and girls—there is something to be made out of them. If now they yield themselves to Christ they may have a long, happy, and holy day before them in which they may serve God with all their hearts. Who knows what glory God may have of them? Heathen lands may call them blessed. Whole nations may be enlightened by them. If a famous schoolmaster was accustomed to take his hat off to his boys because he did not know whether one of them might not be Prime Minister, we may justly look with awe upon converted children, for we do not know how soon they may be among the angels, or how greatly their light may shine among men. Oh, brethren and sisters, let us estimate children at their true valuation, and we shall not keep them back, but we shall be eager to lead them to Jesus at once.

In proportion to our own spirituality of mind, and in proportion to our own child-likeness of heart, we shall be at home with children, and we shall enter into their early fears and hopes, their budding faith and opening love. Dwelling among young converts, we shall seem to be in a garden of flowers, in a vineyard where the tender grapes give a good smell.

# II. Secondly, concerning this hindering of children, LET US WATCH ITS ACTION.

I think the results of this sad feeling about children coming to the Savior is to be seen, first, in the fact that often there is *nothing in the service for the children*. The sermon is over their heads, and the preacher does not think that this is any fault, in fact, he rather rejoices that it is so. Some time ago a person who wanted, I suppose, to make me feel my own insignificance, wrote to say that he had met with a number of Negroes who had read my sermons with evident pleasure, and he wrote that he believed they were very suitable for what he was pleased to call "niggers." Yes, my preaching was just the sort of stuff for "niggers".

The gentleman did not dream what sincere pleasure he caused me, for if I am understood by poor people, by servant girls, by children, I am sure I can be understood by others. I am ambitious of preaching for "niggers", if by these you mean the lowest, the rag-tag and bob-tail. I think nothing greater than to win the hearts of the lowly. So with regard to children. People occasionally say of such a one, "He is only fit to teach children, he is no preacher." Sirs, I tell you that in God's sight he is no preacher who does not care for the children. There should be at least a part of every sermon and service that will suit the little ones. It is an error which permits us to forget this.

Parents sin in the same way when they *omit religion from the education of their children*. Perhaps the thought is that their children cannot be converted while they are children, and so they think it of small consequence where they go to school in their tender years. But it is not so. Many parents even forget this when their girls and boys are closing their school days. They send them away to the Continent, to places foul with every moral and spiritual danger, with the idea that there they can complete an elegant education. In how many cases I have seen that education completed, and it has produced young men who are thorough-paced profligates, and young women who are mere flirts.

As we sow we reap. Let us expect our children to know the Lord. Let us from the beginning mingle the name of Jesus with their A B Cs. Let them read their first lessons from the Bible. It is a remarkable thing that there is no book from which children learn to read so quickly as from the New Testament, there is a charm about that book which draws forth the infant mind. But oh, dear friends, let us never be guilty, as parents, of forgetting the religious training of our children, for if we do we may be guilty of the blood of their souls.

Another result is that the conversion of children is not expected in many of our churches and congregations. I mean, that they do not expect the children to be converted as children. The theory is that if we can impress youthful minds with principles which may in later years prove useful to them, we have done a great deal, but to convert children as children, and to regard them as being as much believers as their seniors, is regarded as absurd.

To this supposed absurdity I cling with all my heart. I believe that of children is the kingdom of God, both on earth and in heaven. It is a sacred joy to me on Thursday night to notice certain boys and girls who have for a long time attended the pastor's prayer meeting with great regularity. Some of you old folks do not come and pray for your pastor, but these children do, for they love their pastor, and he, on his part, highly values their prayers. Happy church which is adorned and blessed by prayers of dear children who early learn to cry to the great Father for the hallowing of His name and the coming of His kingdom! We expect to see children converted, and we do see it.

Another ill result is that the conversion of children is not believed in. Certain suspicious people always file their teeth a bit when they hear of a newly-converted child, they will have a bite at him if they can. They very rightly insist upon it that these children should be carefully examined before they are baptized and admitted into the church, but they are wrong in insisting that only in exceptional instances are they to be received. We quite agree with them as to the care to be exercised, but it should

be the same in all cases, and neither more nor less in the cases of children. I thank God that the most of those dear children who have been added to this church could stand a rigid examination in doctrinal matters, and would bear favorable comparison with the older folks, but still it seems to me a very hard thing that a high degree of knowledge should be expected of them.

How often do people expect to see in boys and girls the same solemnity of behavior which is seen in older people! It would be a good thing for us all if we had never left off being boys and girls, but had added to all the excellences of a child the virtues of a man. Surely it is not necessary to kill the child to make the saint. It is thought by the more severe that a converted child must become twenty years older in a minute.

A very solemn person once called me from the play-ground after I had joined the church and warned me of the impropriety of playing at trap, bat, and ball with the boys. He said, "How can you play like others if you are a child of God?" I answered that I was employed as an usher, and it was part of my duty to join in the amusements of the boys. My venerable critic thought that this altered the matter very materially, but it was clearly his view that a converted boy, as such, ought never to play! What foolery, brethren! I will say no more.

Do not others expect from children more perfect conduct than they themselves exhibit? If a gracious child should lose his temper, or act wrongly in some trifling thing through forgetfulness, straightway he is condemned as a little hypocrite by those who are a long way from being perfect themselves. Jesus says, "Take heed that ye despise not one of these little ones." Take heed that you say not an unkind word against your younger brethren in Christ, your little sisters in the Lord. Jesus sets such great store by His dear lambs that He carries them in His bosom, and I charge you who follow your Lord in all things to show a like tenderness to the little ones of the divine family. I will not say more on that point.

# III. And now let us notice, thirdly, HOW JESUS CONDEMNED THIS FAULT.

First, He condemned it as *contrary to His own spirit*. "They brought young children to him, that he should touch them: and his disciples rebuked those that brought them. But when Jesus saw it, he was much displeased." He was not often displeased, certainly He was not often "much displeased," and when He was much displeased we may be sure that the cause was serious. He was displeased at these children being pushed away from Him, for it was so contrary to His mind about them.

The disciples did *wrong to the mothers*, they rebuked the parents for doing a motherly act—for doing, in fact, that which Jesus loved them to do. They brought their children to Jesus out of respect to Him, they valued a blessing from His hands more than gold, they expected that the benediction of God would go with the touch of the great Prophet. They may have hoped that a touch of the hand of Jesus would make their children's lives bright and happy. Though there may have been a measure of weakness in the parents' thought, yet the Savior could not judge hardly of that which arose out of reverence to His person. He was therefore much displeased to think that those good women, who meant Him honor, should be roughly repulsed.

There was also *wrong done to the children*. Sweet little ones! what had they done that they should be chided for coming to Jesus? They had not meant to intrude. Dear things! they would have fallen at His feet in reverent love for the sweet-voiced teacher, who charmed not only men, but children, by His tender words. The little ones meant no ill, and why should they be blamed?

Besides, there was wrong done to Himself. It might have made men think that Jesus was stiff, reserved, and self-exalted, like the Rabbis. If they had thought that He could not condescend to children they would have sadly slandered the repute of His great love. His heart was a great harbor, wherein many little ships might cast anchor. Jesus, the child-man, was never more at home than with children. The holy child Jesus had an affinity for children. Was He to be represented by His own disciples as shutting the door against children? It would do sad injury to His character. Therefore, grieved at the triple evil which wounded the mothers, the children and Himself, He was sorely displeased.

Anything we do to hinder a dear child from coming to Jesus greatly displeases our dear Lord. He cries to us, "Stand off. Let them alone. Let them come to Me, and forbid them not." Dear grey-headed

friend, who are so strict and good, I must get you to stand back a bit, and suffer that child to come to Jesus, for I do not wish the Lord to be displeased with you. And you, good Christian sister, who have curdled a little in your temper, I must beg you be quiet, lest the Lord should be displeased with you, as He will be if you forbid the children to come to Him. So, you see, it was contrary to His spirit.

Next, it was contrary to His teaching, for He went on to say, "Whosoever shall not receive the kingdom of God as a little child, he shall not enter therein." Christ's teaching was not that there is something in us to fit us for the kingdom, and that a certain number of years may make us capable of receiving grace. His teaching all went the other way, namely, that we are to be nothing, and that the less we are and the weaker we are, the better, for the less we have of self the more room there is for His divine grace.

Do you think to come to Jesus up the ladder of knowledge? Come down, sir, you will meet Him at the foot. Do you think to reach Jesus up the steep hill of experience! Come down, dear climber, He stands in the plain. "Oh! but when I am old, I shall then be prepared for Christ." Stay where you are, young man, Jesus meets you at the door of life, you were never more fit to meet Him than just now. He asks nothing of you but that you will be nothing, and that He may be all in all to you. That is His teaching, and to send back the child because it has not this or that is to fly in the teeth of the blessed doctrine of the grace of God.

Once more, it was quite contrary to Jesus Christ's practice. He made them see this, for "He took them up in his arms, put his hands upon them, and blessed them." All His life long there is nothing in Him like rejection and refusing. He says truly, "Him that cometh to me I will in no wise cast out." If He did cast out any because they were too young, the text would be falsified at once, but that can never be. He is the receiver of all who come to Him. It is written, "This man receiveth sinners, and eateth with them." All His life He might be drawn as a shepherd with a lamb in His bosom, never as a cruel shepherd setting his dogs upon the lambs and driving them and their mothers away. I have neither time nor strength to say more, and I must close with a mere glance at our last point.

IV. LET US TAKE THE HINT WHICH JESUS GIVES TO THOSE WHO WOULD COME TO HIM.

"Whosoever shall not receive the kingdom of God as a little child, he shall not enter therein." How I wish that all my congregation would come and receive Christ as a little child receives Him! The little child has no prejudices, no preconceived theories nor opinions it cannot give up, it believes what Jesus says. You must come in the same way to learn of Christ. I fear you know a great deal—throw it out the window. You have made up your mind about a great many things—unmake your mind, and be as wax to the seal before Him.

A little child believes with an unquestioning faith which makes everything vivid and real. Believe just so! The child believes in all humility, looking up to its teacher, and receiving its teacher's word as decisive. Believe in Jesus just so! Say, "Lord, I am a know-nothing, I come to You to be taught. I am nothing, be You my all in all."

A child when it comes to Christ comes very sincerely, and with all its heart. It knows nothing of sinister motives, or of formality. Its repentance and faith are genuine. I wish you would come to Christ this morning, you poor guilty ones, in real earnest, just as you are. Do not play at religion any more. Do not look for fine words with which to trim yourselves and make your prayers look neat and pretty, but come as a child does, in all simplicity, not ashamed to talk as your heart feels.

When a child believes in Jesus it cares nothing for critical points. That is the way you must come to Christ. You that have always been inventing religious conundrums, you that for many years have been readers of the last new novels in modern theology—for they are mere novels, and nothing better, you that have addled your brains with the vain thoughts of vain men, come to Jesus as you are, and believe what Jesus says because Jesus says it. Take Christ at His word, and trust Him, that is the way to be saved.

"But I have no merit," said one, "I have no preparation." Neither has a child. I never find children troubled about being prepared for Christ, I never hear of such a thing as a child worried about qualifications for grace. A child is a sinner and knows it. That is the way to come to Christ. Come as a sinner, knowing that you are such. Say, "Jesus calls me, and I come, Jesus died for me, and I trust Him." That is the true way to come to Jesus. O friends! Instead of thinking yourselves fitter for Christ by growing bigger, grow smaller. Instead of getting greater, get less. Instead of being more wise, be more completely bereft of all wisdom, and come to Jesus for wisdom, righteousness, and all things.

Sometimes when we are very feeble, and our language is very simple, God may bless it all the more, and I do pray He may this morning set His seal upon this poor talk of His sick servant. Every particle of my flesh, and every atom of my bones, is praying God to bless this sermon. Grim pain has been racking me while I have been speaking. May this discourse be more honorable than its brethren, because I bore it with sorrow! I long, I pine, I cry before God, that He may bless this feeble word of mine to your conversion, and to the conversion of many dear children.

Those of you who have never looked to Christ and lived, do unto Christ, I pray you, just what these dear children did, He called them, and they came, and were folded in His arms. Come along with you! Do you half wish you could be a child again? You can be. He can give you a child's heart, and you can be in His kingdom newly-born. May it be so, for His name's sake! Amen.

#### PORTION OF SCRIPTURE READ BEFORE SERMON—LUKE 18

## HYMN FROM "OUR OWN HYMN BOOK"—917, 704, 546

Taken from The C. H. Spurgeon Collection, Version 1.0, Ages Software. Only necessary changes have been made, such as correcting spelling errors, some punctuation usage, capitalization of deity pronouns, and minimal updating of a few archaic words. The content is unabridged. Additional Bible-based resources are available at <a href="https://www.spurgeongems.org">www.spurgeongems.org</a>.